Situational Awareness and De-Escalation

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Agenda

- Crime on Campus
- Situational Awareness
- Reasonable Behavior on Campus
- De-Escalation
- Resources

Crime on Campus

Property Crime:

- Bikes,
- Laptops,
- Bags,
- Vehicle Break-ins

Interpersonal Violence:

- Domestic Violence
- Workplace disputes

Situational Awareness

- Establish a baseline
 - Sounds, Smells, Activities
- Be aware of Patterns
- Normalcy Bias
- Permission to Act

Visitors

Who enters your space?

- Students
- Faculty
- Staff
- Community Members
- Alumni
- Donors

Triage the Situation

- Boundaries
 - Is it apparent that someone has entered your space?
 - Your Safety Bubble
- Customer Service
 - Greeting/Recognition
 - o Follow reasonable guidelines, i.e. use sitting area, sign in, etc
- Reasonable Responses to Reasonable Requests
- Indicators of anger, crisis or other concerns

Reasonable Behavior on Campus

- Student Conduct Code
- Respectful Workplace Notice (UO HR)
- Professionalism/ Mutual Respect
- Varies by space

What is unreasonable behaviour in your space?

How do we communicate guidelines to visitors?

Recognizing Difficult Interaction

- Body Language
- Mannerisms
- Verbal Patterns
- Threats
- Aggressive Presence
- Not following reasonable requests / crossing boundaries

Personal Response

- How do you feel about conflict
- What are your personal tells? (Flushed, talking fast, slowed response)
- If you aren't the best person to deal with a situation, who can help?

Physical De-Escalation

- Stance
- Posture
- Barriers
- Watch Hands
- Be aware of your Defensible Space, "arm's reach"
- Escape Routes
- Weapons of Opportunity
- Leave and Communicate

De-Escalation Overview

- Establish Context
- Gather Information
- Provide Options
- Move Toward Compliance
- Disengage or Escalate

Natural Communication vs Tactical Communication

Natural Communication

- Not purpose driven
- Recognizes ego
- Driven by emotion: "Natural Communication makes you feel good. . ."

Tactical Communication

- Goal-oriented
- Professional
- Sets context
- Controls escalation
- Self-aware

Set Context

- Who you are and why you're talking to them
- What is your authority to help?
- Triage: Audience or no audience?

Active Listening

- Start with open-ended questions: How can I help? How are you today?
- Allow them to vent.
- Ask clarifying questions: Let me see if I understand you...
- Don't accuse or place blame.
- Assess their reasonable responses to reasonable requests.

Step 1: Ask

- Be aware of your Tactical Communication Goal
- Ask with a friendly voice
- The "question mark" in your voice should be heard
- The way you ask establishes your:
 - Credentials
 - Credibility
 - Character
- Not condescending

Step 2: Explain Why

- Set the professional context
- Make it impersonal: "For your safety and mine."
- When you meet resistance of any kind, go back and set context.
- Don't use "I" statements
- Universal sign of respect
 - Everyone would rather be asked than told.

Step 3: Create and Present Options

- Friendly Voice: should seem friendly and helpful
- Positive-Negative-Positive: When giving options:
 - Put the positive first
 - Then negative
 - Then remind of positive

Step 3: Create and Present Options

- Be Specific (Generalities lead to outbursts)
 - Go home or go to jail are too similar
 - Paint a picture of the positive: Get to class, get to work, see your family
 - Provide a clear path

- Greed Principle: What's In It For Me?
 - Wrap the request in their greed, not yours
 - What's their goal?

Step 4: Confirm Noncompliance

- "Is there anything I can say to get you to comply so all these other things won't happen?"
- Help people build ground to stand on, to save face.
- Don't let your ego become an obstacle.

Step 4: Confirm Noncompliance

- Words are just words.
- Keep your safety in mind
- Keep your self-control in mind
- However, there is a reasonable standard of behavior for Students, Faculty and Staff

Step 5: Act - Disengage and/or Escalate

- Keep your safety in mind
- Don't make threats.
- As a university employee, you <u>can</u> tell someone they need to leave.
- Get to a safe place and call UOPD at 541-346-2919.
- For any Life/Safety emergency, call 911.

Campus Resources

Students of concern:

Report a Concern:

dos.uoregon.edu/concern

Reports are not reviewed after-hours, on weekends, or during university holidays or breaks. If you consider the situation to be an emergency, call 9-1-1

Report a Concern

Faculty/Staff of concern:

Report a Concern to:

 Human Resources or Academic Affairs

Dean of Students:

541-346-3216

University Counseling Center (after hours): 541-346-3227

Emergencies: 911

UOPD non-emergencies:

541-346-2919

Resources

<u>Verbal Judo</u>: The Gentle Art of Persuasion by George J. Thompson

The Gift of Fear and Other Survival Signals that Protect Us From Violence by Gavin de Becker

<u>Difficult Conversations: How to Discuss What Matters Most</u> by Douglas Stone, Bruce Patton and Sheila Heen

Contact

- James Stegall, UOPD Director of Security
- jstegall@uoregon.edu
- Office: 541-346-2651

UOPD Non-Emergency: 541-346-2919

Emergency: 911 (or 9-911 from campus phone)

Responding to Difficult People

- Think about your safety
 - Body placement
 - Physical barriers: Desks, Doors, Chairs
 - Options for help
 - Path to leave
 - Words to say
 - Distance is Safety